1st Sentence Concept: Person/Place/Thing plus an Action with Question Word Phrases at the End

Teacher: You can form a longer, more interesting sentence by adding a **question** word phrase onto the end of your action word. To find out what a **question word** phrase is, let's look at the **question word** box. The words we use to ask questions are: who, what, where, when, why, and how. To find out how the **question words** work in sentences, I'm going to ask you a question about our sentence using one of them.

Teacher: The pitcher tossed what?

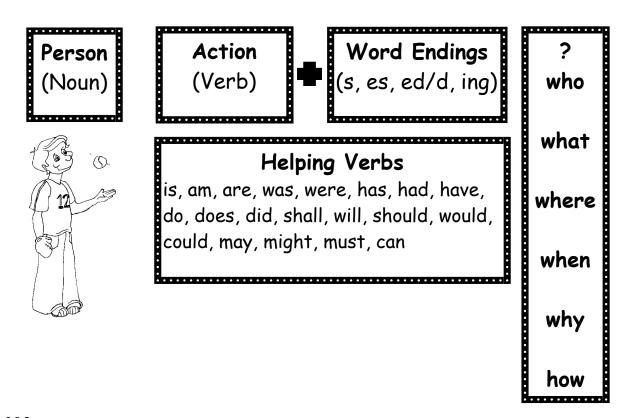
Class: the ball.

Teacher: Excellent. Now our sentence says "The pitcher tossed the ball." You have just learned that a sentence can be made using a person plus an action with a word ending and a what (answer to this question word). Let's try adding on second question word phrase.

The pitcher tossed the ball to who(m)?

Class: the catcher.

Teacher: Well done. Now our sentence says "The pitcher tossed (what) the ball (who) to the catcher." You have just learned that a sentence can be made using a person plus an action with a word ending and the two question word answers of what and who.



person + action + how



The clown danced quickly.

person + action + why



The clown danced for fun.

person + action + when



The clown danced at night.

person + action + where



The clown danced down the street.





The clown *was/is* <u>funny.</u>

State of Being Verbs are used with what predicate

Adjectives:
colour
size
shape
number
other descriptors

person + action + who



The clown danced for the crowd.

place + action + ? phrase



The castle towered <u>in the distance.</u> (*where* phrase)

thing + action + ? phrase



The bike glowed <u>in the dark.</u> (*when* phrase)

2nd Sentence Concept: Vary Sentences by Placing the Question Word Phrases at the Beginning

Teacher: Let's say we wrote the sentence "The clown danced down the sidewalk." We have used a person + action + word ending + where. Another thing we can do is add a question word at the beginning of the sentence. Let's start with the question word "what".

1. What kind of clown danced down the sidewalk?

The funny clown danced down the sidewalk.

What (funny) + Person + Action + Word Ending + Where (down the sidewalk)

2. When did the clown dance?

One morning the funny clown danced down the sidewalk.

When (morning) + What (funny) + Person + Action + Word Ending + Where (down the sidewalk)

3. Why did the clown dance?

For exercise one morning, the clown danced down the sidewalk.

Why (for exercise) + When (one morning) + Person + Action + Word Ending + Where

4. How did the clown dance?

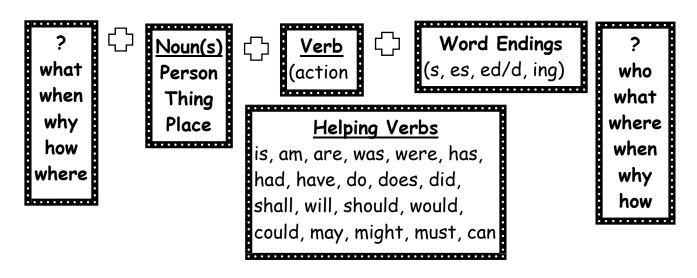
Wiggling his arms, the clown danced down the sidewalk.

How (wiggling) + What (his arms) + Person + Action + Word Ending + Where

5. Who did the clown dance for?

For the crowd, the clown danced down the sidewalk.

Who (the crowd) + Person (clown) + Action (danced) + Where (down the sidewalk)



Using the Question Words as Sentence Starters:

1. "What" Words

Plural Nouns (Stars dotted the sky.)

Number words (Six men stood still.)

Size words (*Large* hills rose into the sky.)

Shape words (Round tables filled the tent.)

Age (Young men lined up for miles.)

Colour words (*Purple* flowers poked their noses up through the grass.)

Description words (Dainty lace flowed from the collar of the dress.)

2. "When" Words

*Suddenly *All of a sudden *At that moment

*Instantly *Soon *All at once

3. "How" Words

*ly words (example: Quickly, the boy snatched up his ball.)

4. "Where" Words

around, above, behind, beneath, below, beside, between, deep, downwards, down, in, inside, into, on, onto, over, passed, through, to, toward, upon, under,

5. "Who" Words

***Titles** (Mr. Mrs. Miss Dr.)

*Descriptions of characters

Example One: The little old man limped along.

Example Two: The furry creature bounded up to my nose.

*Names of characters (Herbert, the horse, flicked his tail.)

*Pronouns (I, it, he, her, him, me, my, she, them, they, we)

^{*}Times of Day (morning, afternoon, evening, night)

^{*}Seasons (spring, summer, autumn, winter)

^{*}Time Periods (once upon a time, many years ago, long ago, centuries ago, last week)

^{*}ing words (example: Soaring, the plane flew into the sky.)

Sentence Starters: Place the Question Word Phrase at the beginning of to vary sentence starters.

how + person + action



Quickly, the clown danced.

why + person + action



For fun, the clown danced.

when + person + action



At night the clown danced.

where + person + action



Down the street the clown danced.

what + person + action

*must use plural noun

Adjectives:
colour
size
shape
number
other descriptors

Funny clowns are dancing.



who + person + action



For the crowd, the clown danced.

? phrase + place + action



<u>In the distance,</u> a castle towered<u>.</u> (*where* phrase)

? phrase + thing + action



In the moonlight, a bike glowed. (when phrase)